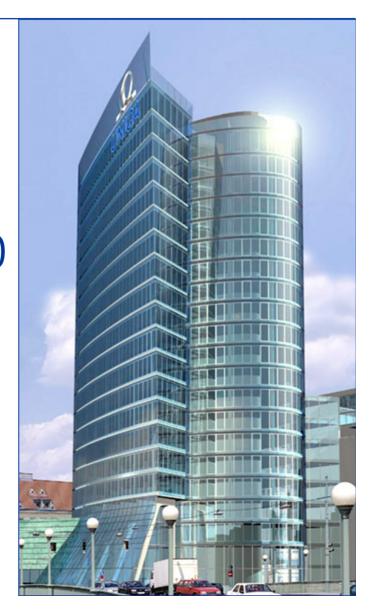


UNIQA Group European Embedded Value 2005 and Increased Earnings Programme 2007-2010

Konstantin Klien CEO
Hannes Bogner CFO
Vienna November 2006





Group European Embedded Value 2005



Group European Embedded Value - Introduction

- n First publication of Group European Embedded Value (GEV) results
- n Includes European Embedded Value (EEV) using bottom-up, market consistent methodology compliant with CFO Forum Principles for main Life and Health businesses in Austria
- Adjusted net asset value (ANAV) for Property & Casualty businesses and Life and Health businesses excluded from scope of EEV on the basis of adjusted IFRS equity
- n Independent review of methodology, assumptions and calculations for EEV and calculations for GEV by B&W Deloitte



Methodology (1)

- n EEV for conventional life business based on stochastic cashflow projections using market consistent capital market scenarios. Projections allow for management actions (e.g. profit participation or asset allocation)
- n Explicit allowance for cost of guarantees and options
- n Assumed policyholder profit participation allows for local supervisory laws and contractual agreements
- n Explicit allowance for cost of non-market risks
- n Best estimate assumptions based on recent experience for expenses, mortality and lapses
- n EEV for health business and unit linked business based on deterministic projections
- n Aggregate allowance for risk on the basis of risk discount rates



Methodology (2)

- n GEV allows for consolidation adjustments and minority interests
- n Goodwill and value of business in force (VBI) eliminated in respect of businesses included in the scope of the EEV calculations
- n EEV defined as:
 - Adjusted net asset value
 - plus value of in-force (VIF)
 - less time value of options and guarantees (FOG)
 - less cost of capital and cost of non-market risks (CoCNMR)
- n GEV defined as:
 - Adjusted net asset value for Property and Casualty and Life and Health businesses excluded from scope of EEV calculations
 - plus EEV



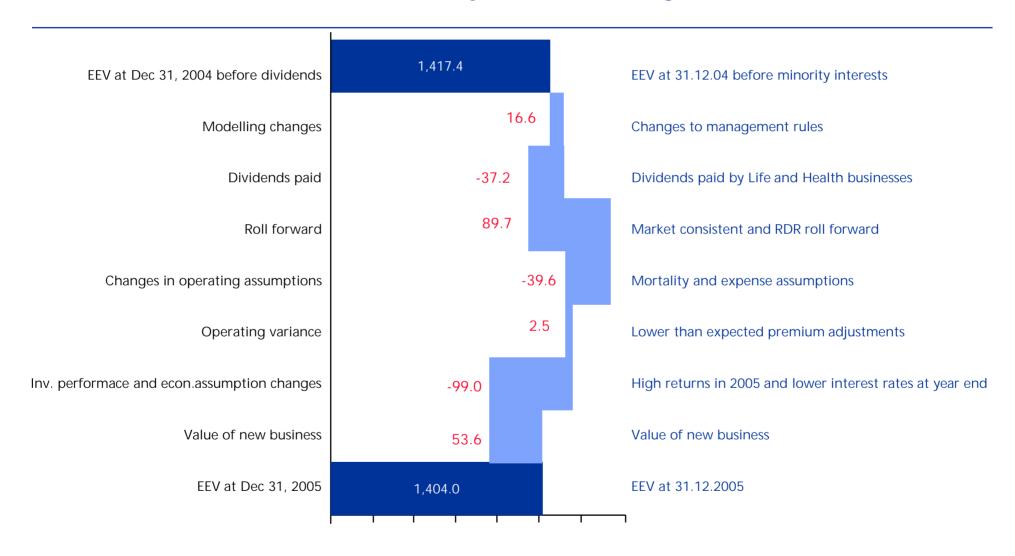
Results before Minority Interests

| €mn | Life & Health | | Property & Casualty | | Total | | Change |
|--------|---------------|---------|------------------------|-------|---------|---------|--------|
| | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 | |
| ANAV | 687.6 | 630.6 | 1,006.6 | 755.6 | 1,694.2 | 1,386.2 | 22.2% |
| VIF | 875.9 | 897.2 | n/a | n/a | 875.9 | 897.2 | -2.4% |
| FOG | -51.1 | -8.7 | n/a | n/a | -51.1 | -8.7 | 487.4% |
| CoCNMR | -108.4 | -101.7 | n/a | n/a | -108.4 | -101.7 | 6.6% |
| EEV | 1,404.0 | 1,417.4 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | -1.0% |
| GEV | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 2,410.5 | 2,173.0 | 10.9% |

- n Small reduction in EEV mainly due to increase in value of FOG caused by lower interest rates and higher interest rate volatility
- n 11% increase in GEV due mainly to increase in unrealised gains for the P&C and Health businesses, and the sale of UNIQA shares
- n ANAV includes additional value due to non-quoted equity holdings page 6

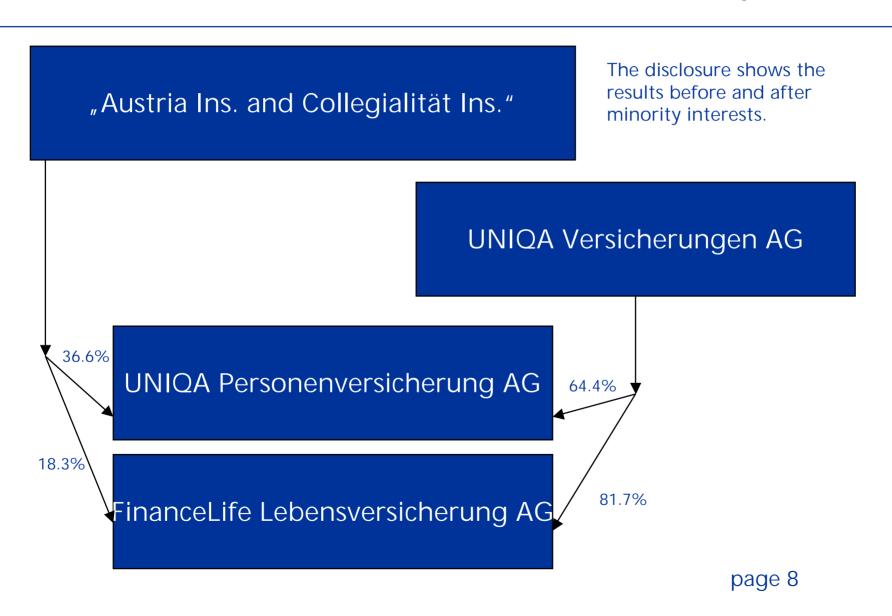


Analysis of Change Life & Health





Minority Interests





Value of Life and Health New Business

| €mn before minority interests | Life & Health |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| NBV | 53.6 |
| Annual Premium Equivalent (APE) | 268.1 |
| APE-Ratio | 20.0% |

n Exceptionally high volumes of new business in FinanceLife due to sales of "geförderte Zukunftsvorsorge"



EEV-Sensitivities Life&Health (in € mn)

| | | Value | As % of Base |
|----------------------------|------|---------|--------------|
| Base value | | 1,404.0 | |
| Dials Diagount Data * | +1% | 1,363.6 | 97.1% |
| Risk Discount Rate | -1% | 1,488.9 | 106.0% |
| Change in Yield Curve | +1% | 1,630.0 | 116.1% |
| Change in Tield Curve | -1% | 1,033.7 | 73.6% |
| Equity and Property Prices | -10% | 1,338.5 | 95.3% |
| Administration Expenses | -10% | 1,386.8 | 98.8% |
| Lancos | -10% | 1,407.3 | 100.2% |
| Lapses | +10% | 1,402.9 | 99.9% |
| Mortality | -5% | 1,418.2 | 101.0% |
| IVIOITAIITY | +5% | 1,392.4 | 99.2% |

^{*} calculated only for Health business and FinanceLife



VNB-Sensitivities Life&Health (in € mn)

| | | Value | As % of Base |
|-------------------------|------|-------|--------------|
| Base value | | 53,6 | |
| Risk Discount Rate * | +1% | 45,7 | 85,3% |
| NISK DISCOUNT Nate | -1% | 63,6 | 118,7% |
| Change in Yield Curve | +1% | 69,7 | 130,0% |
| Change in Tield Curve | -1% | 24,5 | 45,7% |
| Administration Expenses | -10% | 48,6 | 90,7% |
| Lancac | -10% | 54,7 | 102,1% |
| Lapses | +10% | 53,2 | 99,3% |
| Mortality | -5% | 55,5 | 103,5% |
| | +5% | 52,6 | 98,1% |

^{*} calculated only for Health business and FinanceLife



Reconciliation of IFRS equity to ANAV

| | 2005 | 2004 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Consolidated IFRS equity | 1.133,7 | 860,2 |
| Goodwill and VIF for EEV companies | -67,5 | -71,2 |
| Differences in valuation of assets and liabilities | 219,6 | 199,2 |
| Additional value from non-quoted eq. holdings | 408,4 | 398,0 |
| Adjusted Net Asset Value bef. Minorities | 1.694,2 | 1.386,2 |
| Minority Interests | 312,6 | 289,4 |
| Adjusted Net Asset Value after Minorities | 1.381,6 | 1.096,8 |



EEV Assumptions (2004 and 2005)

| | 2005 | 2004 |
|----------|-------|-------|
| 1 year | 2,93% | 2,41% |
| 5 years | 3,22% | 3,23% |
| 10 years | 3,48% | 3,88% |
| 15 years | 3,70% | 4,24% |
| 20 years | 3,80% | 4,48% |
| 25 years | 3,85% | 4,58% |

The yields shown are risk-free euro-zone spot rates

(*) 5 into 5 implied swaption volatility

| Interest rate volatility (*) | | |
|------------------------------|--------|--|
| 2005 20 | | |
| 20,40% | 16,40% | |

| Equity volatility | | |
|-------------------|--------|--|
| 2005 | 2004 | |
| 22,37% | 21,75% | |

| Expense/Medical inflation | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|--|
| 2005 | 2004 | |
| 1,00% | 1,00% | |

| Tax rate | | | |
|----------|--------|--------|--|
| | 2004 | 2005 | |
| Austria | 25,00% | 25,00% | |



Disclaimer

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking information

- n This presentation contains forward-looking statements.
- Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, and it might not be possible to achieve the predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described or implied in forward-looking statements.
- n A number of important factors could cause results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in these forward-looking statements.
- n These forward-looking statements will not be updated except as required by applicable laws.



Increased Earnings Program 2007-2010



Basic Considerations for PEP

n Potential for optimisation at individual level has largely been exhausted



- n ...but there is still potential for optimisation if we look at the value-added chains
- n ..new potential for improvement has to be found by innovative and creative efforts which concentrate on intra-company outsourcing within the UNIQA Group.



UNIQA IEP 2007 - 2010





Source of Funds / Use of Funds Austria

source of funds

material costs
personnel costs
commissions
underwrtg+claims m.
finances

120 mio €

80 mio €

use of funds

expansion of sales
IT & technology
brand awareness
infrastructure

profit on ord. act. 160 mio €

40 mio €

total Austria

200 million €



potential







Source of Funds / Use of Funds International

source of funds

material costs

personnel costs

commissions

underwritg+claims mgmt

use of funds

expansions of sales

IT & technology

brand awareness

infrastructure

profit on ord. act.

potential

40 mio €

40 mio €

total international 80 mio €









Source of Funds / Use of funds Austria + International

source of funds

use of funds

domestic 200 mio Euro

domestic 40 mio Euro

abroad 80 mio Euro

abroad 40 mio Euro

prof. o.o.activ. 200 mio Euro

total source 280 mio Euro

total use

280 mio Euro

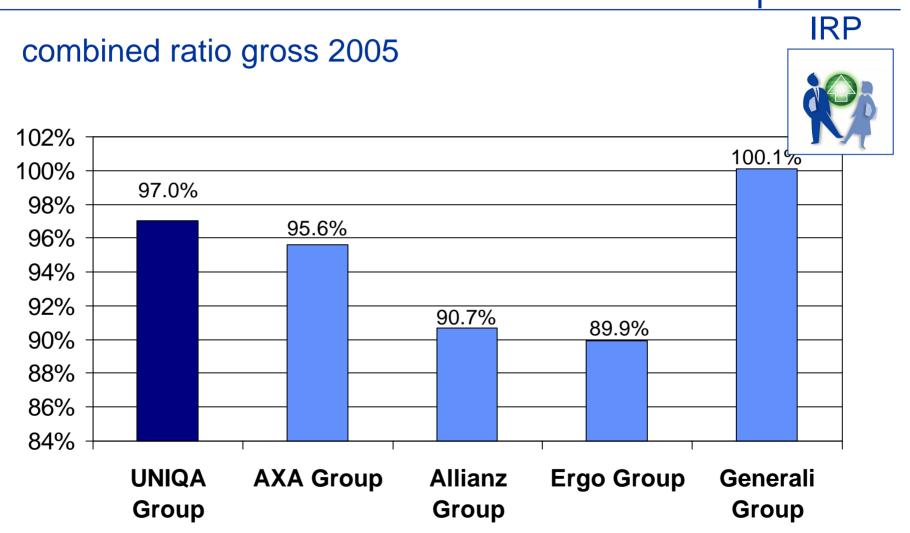






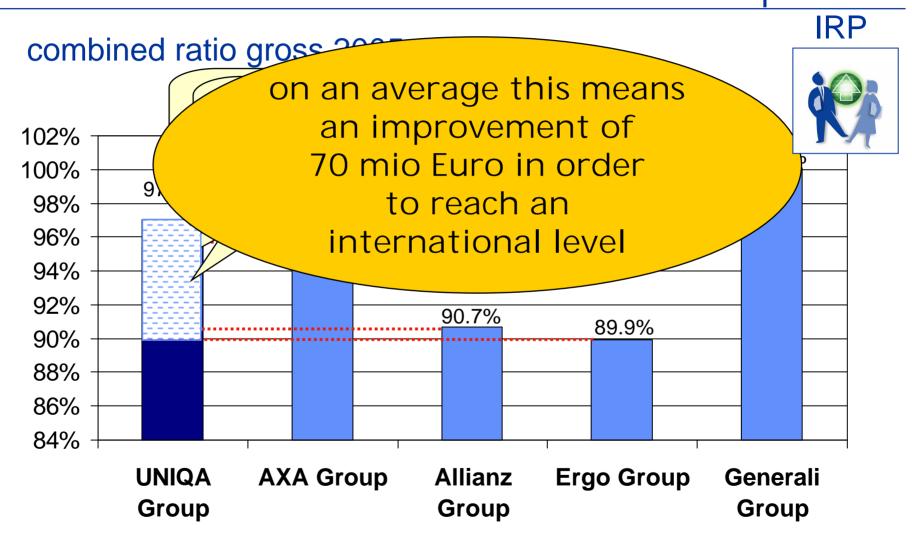


Combined Ratio Targets Compared to Competition





Combined Ratio Targets Compared to Competition





Increased Earnings Programm Costs UNIQA Group

UNIQA - Group goal 2007-2010:

cost ratio reduction (incl. commission)

from 2006 26.1 % to 2010 22.8 %



domestic

from 23.2% to 20.9%

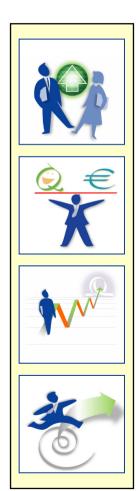
approx. - 14%

international

from 33.6% to 29.2%

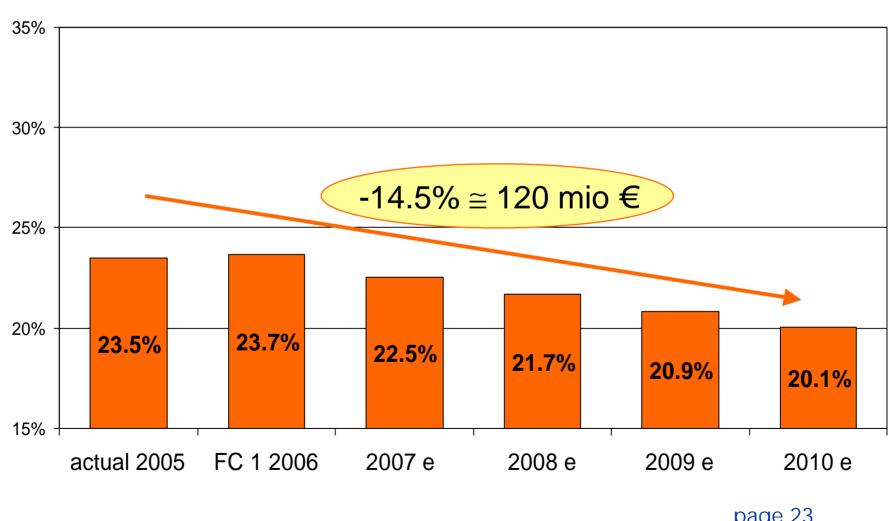
approx. - 13%

cost ratio based on premium volume incl. 10 % single premium



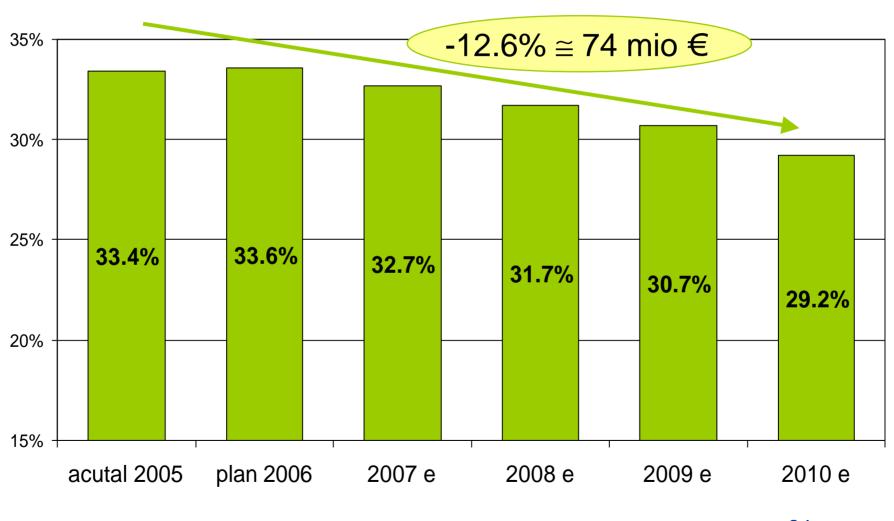


Leadership Role: Cost Ratio Austria





Leadership Role: Cost Ratio International





Source of Funds / Use of Funds Austria Status

source of funds

material costs

personnel costs

commissions

underwrtg+claims m.

finances

1<u>20 mio</u> € 82.2 mio €)

80 mio €

87.4 mio €

use of funds

expansion of sales

IT & technology

brand awareness

infrastructure

profit on ord. act. 160 mio €

otential

40 mio €

total Austria 200 million €

target achievement: 85%







Source of Funds / Use of Funds International Status

source of funds

material costs

personnel costs

commissions

underwritg+claims mgmt

use of funds

expansions of sales

IT & technology

brand awareness

infrastructure

profit on ord. act.

potential

40 mio €

40 mio €

76.7 mio €

total international 80 mio €

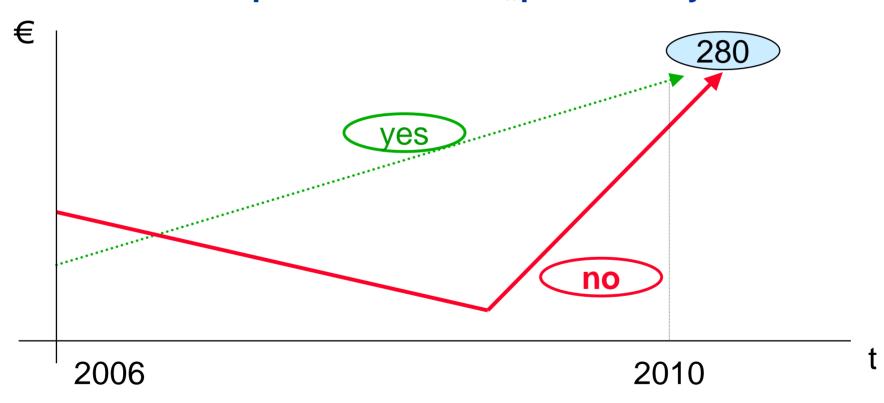
target achievement : 98%





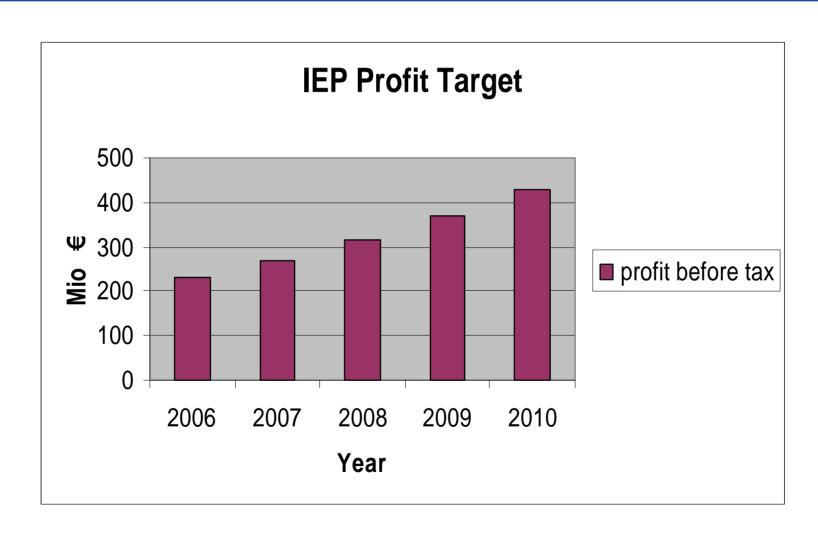
Chances – Risks in Practice

linear implementation vs "plan hockey"- effect





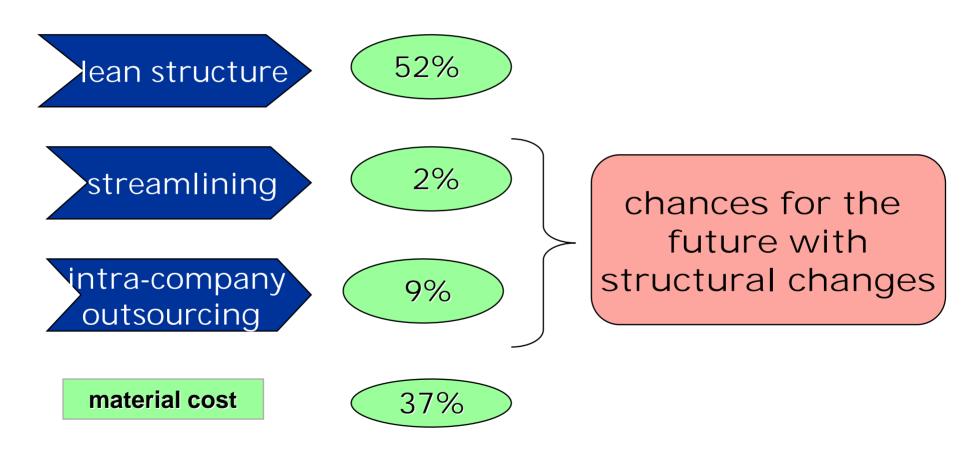
Mid Term Profit Targets





"LSI"-Strategy Estimated Savings Potential Austria

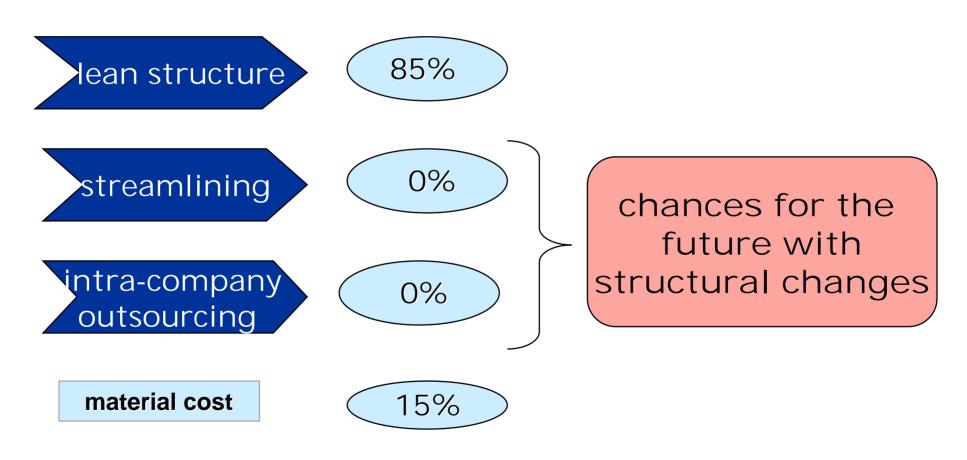
cost savings of 74 million Euro are spread as follows:





"LSI"-Strategy Estimated Savings Potential International

cost savings of 21 million Euro are spread as follows:





Principles: Lean Structures – Streamlining – Intra-Company Outsourcing

lean structure

focus in PEP I 2001 – 2003 138 mio €

PEP II 2004 – 2006 ~175 mio €

streamlining

intra-company outsourcing

new focus in PEP III

chances for the future with structural changes





